Registered	number:	125165
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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS C Howells (resigned 27 September 2019)

E Klonarides W K B Ward-Brew

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Intertrust Corporate Services (Jersey) Limited

COMPANY SECRETARY Ogier Global Company Secretary (Jersey) Limited

REGISTERED NUMBER 125165

REGISTERED OFFICE 3rd Floor

44 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 9WG

TRADING ADDRESS 20 Carlton House Terrace

London

United Kingdom SW1Y 5AN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR Deloitte LLP

Hill House 1 Little New St London

United Kingdom EC4A 3TR

BANKERS Barclays Bank PLC

1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf

London E14 5HP

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

INTRODUCTION

Ammin Coal Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company. There have not been any significant changes in the Company's principal activities in the year under review.

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

As shown in the Statement of comprehensive income, the Company's profit after tax is \$49,693,000 compared to a profit after tax of \$150,519,000 in 2018.

The Balance sheet shows that the Company is in a net asset position of \$257,441,000 (2018: \$296,315,000).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The directors considered the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments. The directors have taken a prudent approach in their consideration of the various risks attached to the financial instruments of the Company.

The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements. Credit risk is not considered to be material on the basis that the Company's debtor balances are due from other companies within the Anglo American Group.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors consider the Company's key performance indicator to be the financial performance of its subsidiaries. The performance of these subsidiaries is monitored by the directors by way of management reports.

SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT

The Ammin Coal Holdings Limited Board is cognisant of its legal duty to act in good faith and to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders and with regard to the interests of stakeholders and other factors. These include the likely consequences of any decisions we make in the long term; the need to foster the relationships we have with all our stakeholders; the interests of our employees; the impact our operations have on the environment and local communities; and the desire to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

The Board received an update on the Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 amongst other things.

Stakeholder considerations are integral to discussions at Board meetings and the decisions we make take into account any potential impacts on them and the environment. Like any business, we are aware that some of the decisions we make may have an adverse impact on certain stakeholders.

By listening to, understanding and engaging with our stakeholders, the Board endeavours to live up to their expectations, by staying true to the Purpose and making decisions in accordance with our Values.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

OUR PURPOSE AND VALUES

The Board recognises the role of the Company business in society and within the Anglo American Group. The Group's purpose is summarised as 'to re-imagine mining to improve people's lives', and the Company is focused on contributing to the achievement of this purpose.

The Group's Values: Safety; Care and Respect; Integrity; Accountability; Collaboration; and Innovation guide our behaviour and shape our culture, and are fundamental to creating enduring benefit for all our employees, shareholders, and stakeholders in a way that demonstrably improves people's lives.

ENGAGING OUR STAKEHOLDERS

Healthy stakeholder relationships help us to better communicate how our business decisions, activities and performance are likely to affect or be of significant interest to our stakeholders, and provide the opportunity to co-create effective and lasting solutions to business and other challenges.

The Company's stakeholders include our host communities, governments, industry peers and broader civil society in addition to our shareholders.

LONG TERM DECISION MAKING

The Board took a range of factors and stakeholder considerations into account when making decisions in the year. Decisions are made within the context of the long term factors that may impact the Company and its stakeholders.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Company aims to be a valued and trusted partner to all members of the industry. This includes the suppliers and customers that we operate with.

This report was approved by the board on 15 May 2020 and signed on its behalf.

C Murphy

For and on behalf of Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$49,693,000 (2018 - \$150,519,000).

During the year, the Company paid dividends of \$88,567,000 (2018 - \$214,874,000) to its parent company, Anglo American Overseas Limited.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of this report were:

C Howells (resigned 27 September 2019) E Klonarides W K B Ward-Brew

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company are disclosed in the Strategic Report.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

GOING CONCERN

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with Anglo American plc and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") as its viability is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital needs. Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd have confirmed that they intend to provide financial resources, where requested, for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements, whilst the Company remains a subsidiary of Anglo American plc.

The directors of the Company therefore feel that the Company will have sufficient funds, taking account of possible changes in trading performance (including specifically the potential impact of COVID-19 on the cash flows of the Company, Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd and Anglo American plc) and amounts owed by other Group companies, to conclude that the Company can adopt the going concern basis for the foreseeable future.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Following the end of 2019 the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organisation. The emergence of COVID-19 is considered a non-adjusting post balance sheet event as defined in IAS 10 Events after the reporting period since it represents a set of conditions which only arose after the balance sheet date. The impact of COVID-19 on the world economy and the Company's future financial performance remains uncertain. Depending on the extent and severity of the pandemic, there may be a material impact on the Company's accounting estimates in future periods.

AUDITOR

At the 2020 Annual General Meeting of Anglo American plc, the Company's ultimate parent company, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP were appointed as external auditor to the Group. Accordingly Deloitte LLP will not be seeking re-appointment as auditor of the Company at the conclusion of their current term of office. There are no circumstances connected with the resignation of Deloitte LLP as external auditor which should be brought to the attention of members or creditors of the Company.

This report was approved by the board on 15 May 2020 and signed on its behalf.

C Murphy

For and on behalf of Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the audited financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMMIN COAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Ammin Coal Holdings Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the Statement of comprehensive income;
- the Balance sheet;
- the Statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 17.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report , other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMMIN COAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept, or proper returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMMIN COAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Barnett FCA

Paul Barrett

for and on behalf of

Deloitte LLP

Hill House 1 Little New St London United Kingdom EC4A 3TR 15 May 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Revenue	4	90,853	167,930
GROSS PROFIT	-	90,853	167,930
Administrative expenses		-	(18)
Exceptional items	6	(38,870)	(15,053)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	51,983	152,859
Interest receivable and similar income	8	39	306
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	-	52,022	153,165
Tax on profit	9	(2,329)	(2,646)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	-	49,693	150,519
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	- -	49,693	150,519

The notes on pages 13 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

The results relate to continuing operations of the Company.

AMMIN COAL HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 125165

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	11	257,441	296,311
			296,311
CURRENT ASSETS		•	,
Cash at bank and in hand	12	-	4
NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		<u> </u>	4
LIABILITIES		257,441	296,315
NET AGGETO		057.444	
NET ASSETS		257,441 	296,315
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	150	150
Share premium account	15	175,530	175,530
Profit and loss account	15	81,761	120,635
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		257,441	296,315

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 15 May 2020.

E Klonarides

Director

The notes on pages 13 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up	Share	Profit and	
	share capital	premium account	loss account	Total equity
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 1 January 2019	150	175,530	120,635	296,315
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR				
Profit for the year	-	-	49,693	49,693
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			49,693	49,693
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(88,567)	(88,567)
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS	<u> </u>	-	(88,567)	(88,567)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	150	175,530	81,761	257,441

Further details in respect of the dividends paid are disclosed in note 10.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

At 1 January 2018	Called up share capital \$000 150	Share premium account \$000 175,530	Profit and loss account \$000 184,990	Total equity \$000 360,670
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR				
Profit for the year	-	-	150,519	150,519
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE				
YEAR	-	-	150,519	150,519
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(214,874)	(214,874)
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS		-	(214,874)	(214,874)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	150	175,530	120,635	296,315

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Ammin Coal Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in Jersey and centrally managed and controlled from the United Kingdom.

The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the Directors' report.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD 101 - REDUCED DISCLOSURE EXEMPTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

IMPACT OF NEW INTERNATIONAL REPORTING STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND 2.3 INTERPRETATIONS

IFRS 16

There are no material adjustments required to be made to the Company's financial statements as a result of the application of IFRS 16.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPACT OF NEW INTERNATIONAL REPORTING STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND 2.3 INTERPRETATIONS (CONTINUED)

The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognised in retained earnings at 1 January 2019.

2.4 GOING CONCERN

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with Anglo American plc and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") as its viability is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital needs. Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd have confirmed that they intend to provide financial resources, where requested, for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements, whilst the Company remains a subsidiary of Anglo American plc.

The directors of the Company therefore feel that the Company will have sufficient funds, taking account of possible changes in trading performance (including specifically the potential impact of COVID-19 on the cash flows of the Company, Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd and Anglo American plc) and amounts owed by other Group companies, to conclude that the Company can adopt the going concern basis for the foreseeable future.

2.5 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is USD as this is the currency in which the Company primarily transacts, invests and earns income.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.6 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.7 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.9 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

2.10 ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Associates and Joint Ventures are held at cost less impairment.

2.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 CREDITORS

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either fair value or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

amortised cost, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Fair value through profit or loss

All of the Company's financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses being recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Company always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and amounts due on contracts with customers. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Financial liabilities

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities which are neither contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, held for trading, nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

2.14 DIVIDENDS

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

There are no critical judgments made by the directors in applying the Company's accounting policies other than assessing investments for impairment and determining recoverability of loans.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether the Company's debt and equity investments in subsidiaries have been impaired requires estimations of the recoverable amount of the investments. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The value in use calculations require the Company to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the investments and suitable discount rates in order to calculate present values. If the recoverable amount of an investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. See Note 11 for further information.

4. REVENUE

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Dividend revenue	90,853	167,930
	90,853	167,930

During the year, the Company received dividends of \$20,000,000 (2018 - \$115,000,000) from its associate Carbones del Cerrejon.

During the year, the Company received dividends of \$31,051,099 (2018 - \$52,929,509) from its associate Cerrejon Zona Norte S.A.

During the year, the Company received dividends of \$39,802,000 (2018 - \$NIL) from its associate Anglo American 2005 Limited

5. OPERATING PROFIT

Audit fees of \$9,350 (2018 - \$9,549) in respect of the current financial year were borne centrally by Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

6. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Impairment charge	38,870	15,053
	38,870	15,053

After a review of the net asset value of the Company's investments as at 31 December 2019, the Company has recognised an impairment on its investment in Anglo American 2005 Limited of \$38,870,000 (2018 - \$15,053,000).

7. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2018 - \$NIL).

8. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Interest receivable on loans from group companies	39	306
	39	306

9. TAXATION

The UK rate of corporation tax has been presented within the rate reconciliation below as the most applicable rate due to the Company being UK resident for tax purposes.

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
FOREIGN TAX		
Foreign tax on income for the year	2,329	2,646
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	2,329	2,646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

9. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2018 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

2040

2040

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Profit before tax	52,022	153,164
Profit before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) EFFECTS OF:	9,884	29,101
Foreign tax suffered	2,329	2,646
Group relief claimed for nil consideration	(7)	(55)
Impairment not deductible	7,385	2,860
Dividend income not taxable	(17,262)	(31,906)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	2,329	2,646

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX EXPENSES

On 6 September 2016, the Finance Act 2016 was substantively enacted and provided for a reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 17% from 1 April 2020. Deferred tax has therefore been recognised at the 17% rate where appropriate.

On 17th March 2020, a Budget resolution was passed which substantively enacted an increase in the rate of UK corporation tax to 19% from 1 April 2020.

10. DIVIDENDS

	2019 \$000	2018 \$000
Dividends paid on equity capital	88,567	214,874
	88,567	214,874

On 12 March 2019, the Company paid a dividend of \$39,739,761 (\$529.83 per share) to Anglo American Overseas Limited.

On 9 April 2019, the Company paid a dividend of \$48,764,658 (\$650.20 per share) to Anglo American Overseas Limited.

On 9 October 2019, the Company paid a dividend of \$62,324 (\$0.83 per share) to Anglo American Overseas Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Investments in associates
	\$000
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2019	311,364
At 31 December 2019	311,364
IMPAIRMENT	
At 1 January 2019	15,053
Charge for the period	38,870
At 31 December 2019	53,923
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2019	257,441 ————
At 31 December 2018	296,311

After a review of the net asset value of the Company's investments as at 31 December 2019, the company has recognised an impairment on its investment in Anglo American 2005 Limited of \$38,870,000 (2018 - \$15,053,000).

ASSOCIATES

The following were associates of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Anglo American 2005 Limited	20 Carlton House Terrace, London, United Kingdom, SW1Y 5AN	Ordinary	0.989%	In Liquidation
Cerrejon Zona Norte S.A.	Calle 100 19-54, 12th Floor, Bogotá, Colombia	Ordinary	33.33%	Exploration Company
Cerrejon Zona Norte Limited	Babrow's Commercial Complex, 1341, The Valley, Anguilla	Ordinary	33.33%	Exploration Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2019 \$000	2018 \$000
	Cash at bank and in hand	-	4
		-	4
13.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
		2019 \$000	2018 \$000
	FINANCIAL ASSETS	4000	φ000
	Cash		4
14.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2019	2018
	Shares classified as equity	\$000	\$000
	Authorised		
	7,500,000 Ordinary shares of \$2 each	15,000	15,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	75,000 Ordinary shares of \$2 each	150	150

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

15. RESERVES

Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue.

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings or losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Following the end of 2019, the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organisation. The emergence of COVID-19 is considered a non-adjusting post balance sheet event as defined in IAS 10 Events after the reporting period since it represents a set of conditions which only arose after the balance sheet date.

The impact of COVID-19 on the world economy and the Company's future financial performance remains uncertain. Depending on the extent and severity of the pandemic, there may be a material impact on the Company's accounting estimates in future periods.

17. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company is Anglo American Overseas Limited, which is registered in Jersey. The registered address of the immediate parent company is 3rd Floor, 44 Esplanade, St Helier, JE4 9WG, Jersey.

The ultimate parent company and controlling entity is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. The financial statements of both the immediate and ultimate parent companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN, the registered office of the ultimate parent company.